WRITING IELTS SAMPLE ANSWERS

TASK 1

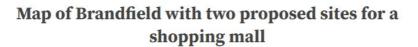
Dạng: MAP ((BẢN ĐÔ)

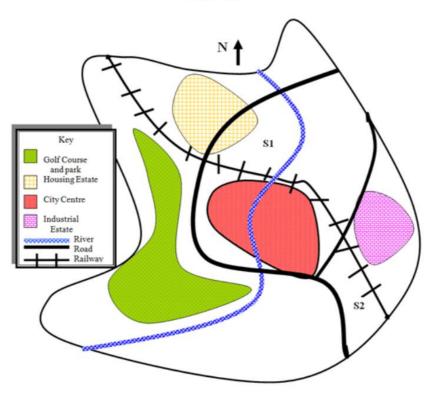
You should spend about 20 minutes on this task.

Below is a map of the city of Brandfield. City planners have decided to build a new shopping mall for the area, and two sites, S1 and S2 have been proposed.

Summarise the information by selecting and reporting the main features and make comparisons where relevant.

Write at least 150 words.





Sample Answer

The map illustrates plans for two possible sites for a shopping mall in the city of Brandfield. *It* can be seen that the two sites under consideration are in the north and the southeast of the town. $(T \circ ng quan b \circ an d \circ)$

The first possible site for the shopping mall, S1, is **just north of the city centre**, **above the railway line**, *which* **runs from the southeast of the city to the north west**. *If* it is built here, it will be **next to** a large housing estate, *thus* providing easy access for those living on the estate and in the city centre. It will also be next to the river that runs through the town. (*Thảo luận về phía Bắc trung tâm thành phố*)

The **site in the southeast**, S2, is again just by the railway line and fairly close to the city centre, but it is near to an industrial estate rather than housing. *(Thảo luận về phía Nam)*

There is a main road that runs through the city and is **close to both sites**, *thus* providing good road access to either location. A large golf course and park **in the west of the town** prevents this area from being available as a site. (*Thuận lợi và khó khăn của địa hình*)

(190 words)

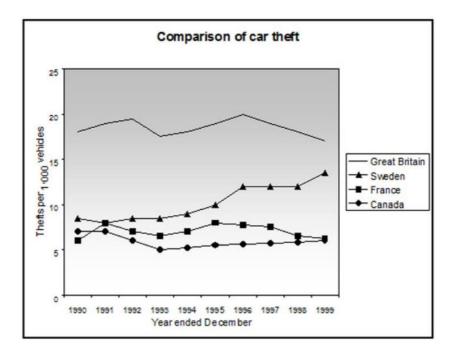
Dạng: LINE GRAPH (BIẾU ĐỔ ĐƯỜNG)

You should spend about 20 minutes on this task.

The line graph shows thefts per thousand vehicles in four countries between 1990 and 1999.

Summarize the information by selecting and reporting the main features and make comparisons where relevant.

Write at least 150 words.



Sample Answer

The line graph **compares** the number of cars stolen for every 1000 vehicles in four countries from 1990 to 1999. Overall, it can be seen that car thefts were far higher in Great Britain than in the other three counties throughout the whole time frame. (*Thông tin chính của biểu đồ*)

To begin, car thefts in Sweden, France and Canada followed a fairly similar pattern over the first five years, all **remaining at** between 5 and 10 per thousand. The general **trend** though for France and Canada was **a decline in the number** of vehicles stolen over the period, with both at around 6 in 1999. In contrast, Sweden experienced an **upward trend**, starting the period at approximately 8, and finishing at just under 15. (Mô tả Thụy Điển, Pháp và Canada vì đặc điểm không quá khác biệt)

Interestingly, car thefts in Great Britain started at 18 per thousand, which **far exceeded** that of the other countries. It then **fluctuated** over the next nine years, **reaching a peak** of 20 thefts per 1000 in 1996, and ending the period slightly lower than where it began, at approximately 17 per thousand. (Mô tả Vương Quốc Anh vì có điểm khác biệt so với 3 quốc gia còn lại, nêu bật lên sự so sánh)

(Words 174)

Dạng: PROCESS (QUY TRÌNH)

You should spend about 20 minutes on this task.

The illustrations show how chocolate is produced.

Summarise the information by selecting and reporting the main features and make comparisons where relevant.

Write at least 150 words.



IELTS Task 1 Process - Chocolate Production

Sample Answer

The diagram explains the process for the making of chocolate. There are a total of ten stages in the process, beginning with the growing of the pods on the cacao trees and culminating in the production of the chocolate. *(Giới thiệu quy trình và đưa ra nhận xét chung)*

To begin, the cocoa comes from the cacao tree, which is grown in the South American and African continents and the country of Indonesia. **Once** the pods are ripe and red, they are harvested and the white cocoa beans are removed. **Following a period** of fermentation, they are **then** laid out on a large tray so they can dry under the sun. (Mô tả bước 1 - 6, giai đoạn đầu sơ chế)

Next, they are placed into large sacks and delivered to the factory. They are then roasted at a temperature of 350 degrees, **after** which the beans are crushed and separated from their outer shell. **In the final stage**, this inner part that is left is pressed and the chocolate is produced. ($M\hat{o}$ tả các bước còn lại: Giai đoạn đi vào hoàn thiện)

(152 Words)

Dạng: TABLE (BẢNG)

You should spend about 20 minutes on this task.

The table illustrates the proportion of monthly household income five European countries spend on food and drink, housing, clothing and entertainment.

Summarise the information by selecting and reporting the main features and make comparisons where relevant.

Write at least 150 words.

Proportion of household income five European countries spend on food and drink, housing, clothing and entertainment

	Food and drink	Housing	Clothing	Entertainment
France	25%	31%	7%	13%
Germany	22%	33%	15%	19%
UK	27%	37%	11%	11%
Turkey	36%	20%	12%	10%
Spain	31%	18%	8%	15%

Sample Answer

The table **shows** the amount of household income that five countries in Europe spend per month on four items. **Overall**, it is evident that all five countries spend the majority of their income on food and drink and housing, but much less on clothing and entertainment. (*Tổng quan về bảng*)

Housing is the largest expenditure item for France, Germany and the UK, with all of them spending around one third of their income on this, at 30%, 33% and 37%, respectively. In **contrast**, they spend around a quarter on food and drink. However, this pattern is reversed for Turkey and Spain, who spend around a fifth of their income on housing, but approximately one third on food and drink. (*Phân tích cột 1, 2*)

All five countries spend much less on the remaining two items. For clothing, France and Spain spend the least, at less than 10%, **while** the other three countries spend around the same amount, ranging between 11% and 15%. At 19%, Germany spends the most on entertainment, **whereas** UK and Turkey spend approximately half this amount, with France and Spain's spending between those other three nations. (*Phân tích cột 3, 4*)

(180 Words)

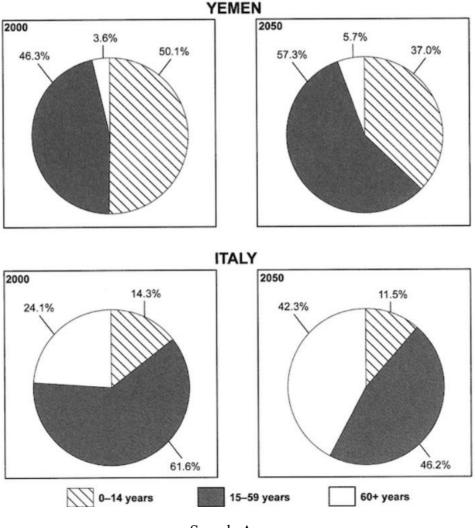
Dạng: PIE CHART (BIẾU ĐỔ TRÒN)

You should spend about 20 minutes on this task.

The charts below give information on the ages of the populations of Yemen and Italy in 2000 and projections for 2050.

Summarise the information by selecting and reporting the main features, and make comparisons where relevant.

Write at least 150 words.



Sample Answer

The bar charts **compare** three age ranges of people in Yemen and Italy for the year 2000 and predictions for 2050. **While** Yemen will see the domination of 0-14 year olds in their population

overtaken by 15-59 year olds in 2050, the dominant population in Italy, 15-59 years olds, remains the same over the period, albeit at a far lower percentage by 2050. (*Nêu ý chính*)

In 2020, while 0-14 year olds made up just over half of the population in Yemen, this accounted for only 14.3% of Italy's population. The predominant age group in Italy was those aged 15-59, at 61.6%, and in Yemen this group was also fairly large, at 46.3%. In Yemen, the 60+ age group was very small, representing just 3.6% of the overall population. **In contrast**, this group made up just under a quarter of people in Italy. *(Phân tích số liệu năm 2020: Sử dụng thì quá khứ)*

By 2050, the population composition in Yemen will have changed noticeably, with 15-59 year olds expected to replace the younger age group as the dominant category, at 57.3% and 37% respectively. The 60+ age range will experience only a slight increase. However, in Italy, it is the 60+ age group that is predicted to see the greatest change, rising to just over 42%. Unlike Yemen, the greatest change will be seen in the percentage of those over 60, rising to 42.3%. The 0-14 group will see a slight fall. (*Phân tích số liệu năm 2050: Sử dụng thì tương lai*)

(236 Words)

TASK 2

Dạng 1: DISCUSSION (THẢO LUẬN 2 Ý KIẾN)

While some people consider global warming to be the most pressing environmental problem that we have at the moment, others believe that deforestation has a more devastating impact on our world. Discuss both and give your opinions.

Sample Answer 1 – Band 8.0

At least for the time being, the earth is the sole home for our species, and two cataclysmic occurrences are killing the globe. Some people feel that the overexploitation of forests has had a greater influence on our planet than those who believe that global warming is the most pressing issue we must address right now. In my opinion, it is vital to explore the inherent details on all sides and reach a reasonable decision.

To start with, others believe deforestation can cause more severe environmental damage. In the beginning, fauna and flora may lose a vast array of habitats due to the escalation of human activities, which may degrade the condition of nature and ultimately limit biodiversity. Another intrinsic reason is that loss of trees may impact air quality. Forests are sometimes referred to as the lungs of the planet due to their ability to absorb greenhouse gases, such as the capacity to consume carbon dioxide and generate oxygen for our environment.

On the other hand, deforestation has several downsides. As stated previously, it will increase pollution since carbon dioxide emissions will be decreased. This will also reduce the likelihood

of rain. In addition, the decline in outdoor and indoor air quality severely impacts human health, particularly the respiratory and cardiovascular systems. Additionally, deforestation damages animals and causes a social imbalance.

In conclusion, these issues have devastating consequences and are interconnected. Deforestation is one of the most important underlying causes of global warming. The government should impose some limits to maintain forests.

(254 words)

Sample Answer 2: Band 7.5

The rising level of pollution has become a catastrophic problem. There are several contributing aspects to this condition. Moreover, these elements not only generate pollution but also create other problems. Although some individuals feel that global warming has the most harmful effects, others argue that deforestation is the greatest problem. This article will examine both perspectives and then examine my own perspective in succession.

To start with, global warming is the most devastating problem for a variety of reasons. Initially, it produces climatic change, such as a pronounced rise or fall in temperature. This mutation impacts both crops and animals. Importing ruined crops is necessary to meet the demands of the human population. Thus, the government faces a double loss of money spent on agriculture. and import costs. Nonetheless, whether variance also affects tree development, resulting in an increase in pollution since fewer trees consume less carbon dioxide, is yet to be determined.

On the other hand, the loss of trees and other vegetation is claimed to cause greater difficulties. The first reason is that animals unable to discover and adapt to new habitats would eventually starve to death. They may thus be on the edge of extinction in the foreseeable future. For instance, when it rains severely, there is a high likelihood of floods and soil erosion since there are no trees to absorb and retain the water. Hence, it is exceedingly unsafe for people to live near deforested slopes and mountains.

In conclusion, it is evident that both concerns are responsible for the devastating outcomes. Therefore, we must act immediately to simultaneously fight deforestation and global warming.

(269 words)

Dạng 2: ADVANTAGE & DISADVANTAGE (LỌI ÍCH VÀ TÁC HẠI)

In some cultures, children are often told they can achieve anything if they try hard enough. What are the advantages and disadvantages of giving children this message? It's been claimed that nothing is greater than success. Therefore, here some experts are of the viewpoint that young people should exert themselves in order to accomplish their objectives. There are several merits and demerits for children who adhere to this adage. Both of these aspects will be covered in the ensuing paragraphs.

Scrutinising the merits, the primary reason for such an event is that it may serve as an inspiration to young people who believe that their innate skills will determine their future success. For example, if a group of young people truly understands the meaning of hard work, then nothing is impossible. If they succeed in following their inner talent through hard work, they will surely be able to enhance their talent and can develop an expertise, even in a field as competitive as football, which is quite challenging since it is an international game for which youngsters of this generation are fond. Most importantly, the importance of recognising efforts extends far beyond its function as a motivation.

Conversely, the major disadvantage is that diligence ensures success. It may mislead children into wasting time and effort on the things where hard work plays little part. A young person who dreams of being a famous actor can, for example, spend years honing their looks and acting skills despite the fact that they have no natural art of acting but still expect to make it big one day. In a similar way, a great and distinct sense of aesthetics is required of most artists.

In the nutshell, it can be said that motivating youngsters to persevere through challenges can be done by teaching them that their efforts will inevitably bear fruit. However, when perseverance isn't the key, such instruction may backfire.

(291 words)

Sample Answer 2 – Band 7.5

Children are motivated with a saying that success can only be achieved through hard work. An adage like that has pros and cons. In the below paragraphs, we'll look at both sides of the argument.

On the one hand, this message has a lot of positive implications for today's kids. Children, being at the outset of their life and believing that anything is possible, have a lot of dreams for obvious reasons. Children are motivated to improve themselves via diligence and optimism when adults support their children's interests and encourage them to pursue their aspirations. This is beneficial because it assists children in maintaining their self-esteem even when they fall short. This means that as young people grow into adults and begin to work for their goals, they will unavoidably meet difficulties. They will not lose hope or drive if they are taught that perseverance in completing a task is the key to success.

However, it could be challenging for children who internalise this message. To begin, they may place unrealistic expectations on themselves but still believe they can achieve them due to their

limitless belief in their own abilities. It's not uncommon for people to have unrealistic expectations for themselves, such as becoming a millionaire by the time they turn fifteen. In addition to this, it's possible that young people will overextend themselves and harm themselves by working too hard. Children who put in excessive study time in an effort to achieve academic success but who also experience mental health issues including depression, anxiety, and isolation are prime examples.

In a nutshell, it's good to reassure kids that their efforts will pay off in the end, but doing so can also lead to negative outcomes like fatigue and dissatisfaction.

(290 words)

Dạng 3: AGREE – DISAGREE (ĐỒNG Ý/ KHÔNG ĐỒNG Ý)

Some say protecting the environment is the government's responsibility, others believe individuals should be responsible for it. To what extent do you agree or disagree?

Sample Answer 1 – Band 8.0

One school of thought holds that protecting the environment is the government's primary responsibility. Each individual has some degree of responsibility, as argued by the writer of this text. In this piece, we'll investigate who, precisely, is liable for ecological upkeep and protection.

Among other things, decades of apathy have led to a state of ecological collapse that requires a ground-up restoration effort. Efforts are being made by governments everywhere to adopt and severely implement legislation that increases punishment for environmental violators. However, the various pieces of environmental laws that have been passed will not be fully effective without popular support. A 2015 report from the France Department of Environment and Natural Resources praised the citizens of its cities for their role in the agency's successful plan to prosecute corrupt officials in their locality.

The good news is that more individuals than ever before are taking steps to save Earth. The belief that one person's actions may assist in changing the world's deteriorating status was the impetus for the founding of countless nongovernmental organisations. Among young adults, there is a rising trend for signing up for and participating in a variety of fundraising activities whose registration costs go toward helping to reconstruct disaster-stricken areas. In 2020, 50,000 participants from Bangladesh helped the government clean up the Ganga River.

I'd like to end by saying that I strongly disagree with the claim that only the government should be responsible for environmental renewal and safety. This is a difficult struggle since it requires cooperation between the government and the people to help and cure the damaged ecology.

(266 words)

Sample Answer 2 – band 7.5

We are all affected by global warming, and it is clear that we are all to blame for this disaster. The country's ruling party is not the only one to blame for this, so they are not the only ones who should be held responsible for solving this problem. Big companies should help by making their businesses more eco-friendly, and we should all do what we can to recycle and reuse items.

The world's main countries are gathering to sign a climate agreement, which includes a set of criteria that describe whether or not specific countries should participate in making the globe a better place again. And it is obvious that it is not only the work of the nation's ruling party that should be done but also the work of large manufacturing plants. Indeed, several companies have started investing in green energy to create environmentally beneficial products, such as H&M, which is now working on 80% renewable energy. Furthermore, H&M is promoting the recycling of its products.

The changing weather and rising heat are having effects on all of our daily lives. Even though our leaders are making strict rules to make sure that commercial plants produce less carbon, we also have some responsibilities. First, we can say "no plastic" and carry our own bags when we go shopping. Also, whenever it is possible, we should recycle the product so that we can delay the waste that item can make. The office workers can carpool to work to stop carbon emissions.

In conclusion, the changing climate is a problem that we all have to solve together, along with the government. I think that we should all help clean up the earth with the help of different policies. On top of that, big companies should take the same steps.

(300 words)

Dạng 4: PROBLEM & SOLUTION (VẤN ĐỀ VÀ GIẢI PHÁP)

Many working people get little or no exercise either during the working days or in their free time, and have health problems as a result. Why do many working people not get enough exercise? What can be done about this problem?

Sample Answer 1 – Band 8.0

Health problems brought on by inactivity are becoming more common in modern society. Particularly working people who struggle to stay in shape as a result of their sedentary lifestyle. Additionally, they lead busy lives, which may be improved by setting out certain times for exercise.

One of the primary factors is people's lack of increased activity due to their busy lives. People who work 9 am to 5 pm, especially those who have sedentary occupations, have little time for exercise, which makes them fatigued after work. As a result, people prefer to unwind and watch

TV at home, and they frequently have health problems including obesity and high blood pressure. It is challenging to exercise, for instance, because many people in the UK who work in the medical field put in more than 16 hours every day.

A set timetable would be a smart idea to stay in shape and could be a potential answer to this issue. It could be motivating to be more physically active during certain times of the day. For instance, many fitness experts advise that people greatly enhance their health by running for just 20 minutes in the morning before work.

In conclusion, the majority of working individuals don't exercise enough owing to a lack of time, which results in fitness issues. However, setting aside a few minutes each day could improve their physical health. It is advised that awareness campaigns be developed in schools to educate pupils about this issue following this meticulous investigation.

(250 words)

Sample Answer 2 – Band 7.5

It is a common misconception that people who work full-time devote little or completely no time for exercising or engaging in other activities. It is the same whether they're working or free. But this might also be the source of health issues. In the sentences that follow, I'll go over the cause and possible solutions.

The busy schedule can be the root of the problem, to start. This is due to the fact that many people have other priorities after finishing their work that must also be completed. Additionally, the majority of the tasks are allowed to be completed to ensure a successful day. For instance, cooking dinner for the family and doing laundry to keep the house clean and organised. Therefore, it is a little more challenging to manage your time and find some free time for exercise.

Reduced working hours can be one of the primary options. This is because doing it this manner will provide you more free time to focus on your health. Additionally, this may be useful for the future. For instance, going to the gym will reduce your risk of getting any diseases, like diabetes and heart issues. In order to avoid this scenario in the years to come, it is therefore more important to pay attention to your nutrition and lifestyle. Overall, cutting back on employment hours is preferable.

In conclusion, many people don't exercise much or don't find time to do even after work or during their leisure time, which might lead to health issues. Due to the overwhelming quantity of obligations, it may be difficult to find time for oneself. Although it is preferable to cut back on the number of working days to avoid infections.

(282 words)